

# Fe-Ge-La (Iron-Germanium-Lanthanum)

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Recently, [2008Zhu] determined an isothermal section of this system at 500 °C, which depicts three ternary compounds.

## Binary Systems

In the Fe-Ge phase diagram, the intermediate phases found stable at 500 °C by [2008Zhu] are: Fe<sub>3</sub>Ge (*L*<sub>1</sub><sub>2</sub>), AuCu<sub>3</sub>-type cubic), Fe<sub>5</sub>Ge<sub>3</sub> (*B*8<sub>1</sub>, NiAs-type hexagonal), Fe<sub>6</sub>Ge<sub>5</sub> (Fe<sub>6</sub>Ge<sub>5</sub>-type monoclinic, space group *C*2/*m*), FeGe, and FeGe<sub>2</sub> (*C*16, CuAl<sub>2</sub>-type tetragonal). The Fe-La phase diagram [1997Zha] shows no intermediate phases. In the Ge-La system [Massalski2], the following seven compounds were found by [2008Zhu] at 500 °C: La<sub>3</sub>Ge (tetragonal), La<sub>5</sub>Ge<sub>3</sub> (*D*8<sub>8</sub>, Mn<sub>5</sub>Si<sub>3</sub>-type hexagonal), La<sub>4</sub>Ge<sub>3</sub> (*D*7<sub>3</sub>, Th<sub>3</sub>P<sub>4</sub>-type cubic), La<sub>5</sub>Ge<sub>4</sub> (Ge<sub>4</sub>Sm<sub>5</sub>-type orthorhombic), LaGe (*B*27, FeB-type orthorhombic), La<sub>2</sub>Ge<sub>3</sub> (orthorhombic, space group *I*mag), and βLaGe<sub>2-x</sub> (orthorhombic). The phase La<sub>2</sub>Ge<sub>3</sub> is not seen in the phase diagram of [Massalski2], but is listed in [Pearson3] and found by [2008Zhu].

## Ternary Phases

[2008Zhu] prepared a series of samples covering the composition range LaFe<sub>x</sub>Ge<sub>2</sub> (*x* = 0.6–1) and found that the compositions at the previously reported compounds LaFe<sub>0.69</sub>Ge<sub>2</sub> and LaFeGe<sub>2</sub> consisted of two-phase mixtures of LaFe<sub>0.6</sub>Ge<sub>2</sub> and LaFe<sub>2</sub>Ge<sub>2</sub>. The compound LaFe<sub>0.6</sub>Ge<sub>2</sub>

(denoted as τ<sub>3</sub> in Table 1 and Fig. 1 and as C by [2008Zhu]) has the CeNiSi<sub>2</sub>-type orthorhombic structure [1990Fra]. LaFe<sub>2</sub>Ge<sub>2</sub> (denoted τ<sub>1</sub> here and A by [2008Zhu]) has the Al<sub>4</sub>Ba-type tetragonal structure. LaFeGe<sub>3</sub> (denoted τ<sub>2</sub> here and B by [2008Zhu]) has the BaNiSn<sub>3</sub>-type tetragonal structure [1995Yam], see Table 1 for details.

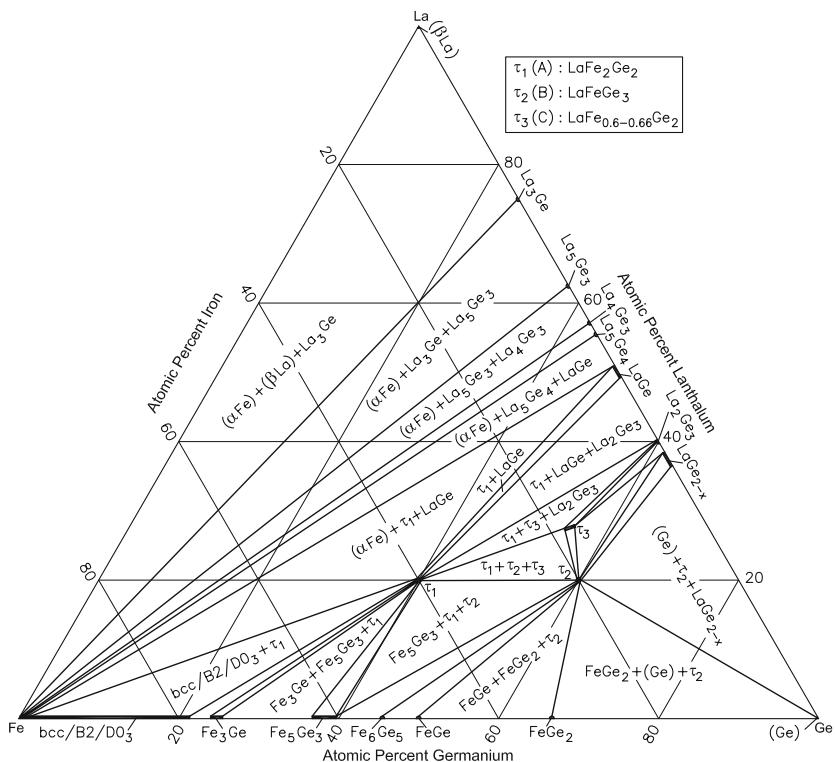
## Ternary Isothermal Section

With starting metals of 99.9% Fe, 99.999% Ge, and 99.9% La, [2008Zhu] arc-melted 126 alloy compositions under Ar atm. The alloys were given a final anneal at 500 °C for 10 days and quenched in liquid nitrogen. The phase equilibria were studied by optical microscopy, x-ray powder diffraction and differential thermal analysis at a heating rate of 10 °C/min. The isothermal section at 500 °C constructed by [2008Zhu] is shown in Fig. 1. The three ternary compounds τ<sub>1</sub>, τ<sub>2</sub>, and τ<sub>3</sub> are present. Whereas τ<sub>1</sub> and τ<sub>2</sub> are stoichiometric, LaFe<sub>0.6</sub>Ge<sub>2</sub> (τ<sub>3</sub>) shows a small homogeneity range of 16.7–18.0 at.% Fe (*x* = 0.60–0.66) [2008Zhu]. The equilibrium involving the ordered forms of bcc Fe (*B*2 and *D*0<sub>3</sub>) was not investigated by [2008Zhu] and these phases are not shown separately from bcc in Fig. 1. In a study of a series of alloy samples of La(Fe<sub>1-x</sub>Ge<sub>x</sub>)<sub>13</sub> (*x* = 0–0.2) at 500 °C, [2008Zhu] did not find the compound with the NaZn<sub>13</sub>-type of structure reported by several authors in the related La(Fe<sub>1-x</sub>Si<sub>x</sub>)<sub>13</sub> alloys. Also, [2008Zhu] found that two other reported compounds La<sub>3</sub>Fe<sub>2</sub>Ge<sub>4</sub> and La<sub>15</sub>FeGe<sub>9</sub> to be two-phase mixtures at 500 °C. The structural details of La<sub>3</sub>Fe<sub>2</sub>Ge<sub>4</sub> [Pearson3] and La<sub>15</sub>FeGe<sub>9</sub> [1996Gul] are listed tentatively at the end of Table 1.

**Table 1** Fe-Ge-La crystal structure and lattice parameter data [2008Zhu, Pearson3]

Phase	Composition, at.%	Pearson symbol	Space group	Prototype	Lattice parameter, nm
LaFe <sub>2</sub> Ge <sub>2</sub> (τ <sub>1</sub> or A)	40 Fe 40 Ge 20 La	<i>t</i> 10	<i>I</i> 4/ <i>mmm</i>	Al <sub>4</sub> Ba	<i>a</i> = 0.4110 <i>c</i> = 1.0581
LaFeGe <sub>3</sub> (τ <sub>2</sub> or B)	20 Fe 60 Ge 20 La	<i>t</i> 10	<i>I</i> 4 <i>mm</i>	BaNiSn <sub>3</sub>	<i>a</i> = 0.4368 <i>c</i> = 0.9985
LaFe <sub>0.6-0.66</sub> Ge <sub>2</sub> (τ <sub>3</sub> or C)	16.7–18 Fe 55.6–54.6 Ge 27.8–27.3 La	<i>o</i> C16	<i>C</i> mcm	CeNiSi <sub>2</sub>	<i>a</i> = 0.4347 <i>b</i> = 1.683 <i>c</i> = 0.4210
La <sub>3</sub> Fe <sub>2</sub> Ge <sub>4</sub>	22.2 Fe 44.4 Ge 33.3 La	<i>h</i> P3	<i>P</i> 6/ <i>mmm</i>	AlB <sub>2</sub>	<i>a</i> = 0.4216 <i>c</i> = 0.4236
La <sub>15</sub> FeGe <sub>9</sub>	4 Fe 36 Ge 60 La	<i>h</i> P?	<i>P</i> 6 <sub>3</sub> / <i>mcm</i>	Mn <sub>5</sub> Si <sub>3</sub>	<i>a</i> = 1.54810 <i>c</i> = 0.68768

## Section II: Phase Diagram Evaluations



**Fig. 1** Fe-Ge-La isothermal section at 500 °C [2008Zhu]. Narrow two-phase regions are omitted

## References

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